

**S9 Table. Sensitive analysis - Fixed effects models for the average effect of percent 15 to 24 on homicide rate.** Shown are the results from fixed effects regression models estimating the natural log of homicide rates as a function of percent 15 to 24 and other control variables. Coefficients are exponentiated and correspond to the average proportional change in the homicide rate from a one-unit increase in the corresponding independent variable. In parenthesis are robust standard errors clustered by country. \*\*\*p < 0.001; \*\*p < 0.01; \*p < 0.05.

	High Coverage Sample		Long Series Sample			
	Since 1990	Since 1990	Since 1960	Since 1960	Since 1990	Since 1990
<b>Percent 15 to 24</b>	<b>1.063**</b> <b>(0.017)</b>	<b>1.030</b> <b>(0.018)</b>	<b>1.055**</b> <b>(0.018)</b>	<b>1.063***</b> <b>(0.017)</b>	<b>1.080***</b> <b>(0.023)</b>	<b>1.057*</b> <b>(0.026)</b>
Percent Male		1.036 (0.050)		1.113 (0.080)		1.153 (0.074)
Gini Index		0.987 (0.016)		0.961* (0.019)		0.959 (0.039)
GDP per Cap (1k)		0.970** (0.010)		0.996 (0.006)		0.984 (0.010)
Percent Urban		1.009 (0.009)		1.024* (0.009)		1.011 (0.017)
Observations	2,283	2,283	1,136	1,136	662	662
Countries	126	126	26	26	26	26
R <sup>2</sup>	0.052	0.129	0.093	0.242	0.137	0.252
F Statistic	117.427***	63.913***	113.761***	70.405***	100.772***	42.528***